



A Level Maths Checklist (Year 2)

Core Maths

- Algebra:
 - Proof - including exhaustion, contradiction, algebraic etc (include 'prove that $\sqrt{2}$ is an irrational number' etc)
 - Algebraic fractions - multiply, divide, add, subtract
 - Partial fractions - including repeated factors
 - Algebraic long division
- Functions:
 - Understanding function notation
 - Composite and inverse functions
 - The modulus function, including $y=|f(x)|$ and $y=f(|x|)$
 - Harder graph transformations - including composite transformations
- Sequences and Series:
 - Arithmetic sequences/series
 - Geometric sequences/series, including the sum to infinity (and when it is applicable)
 - Recurrence relations (sequences where each subsequent term is defined as a function of the previous term)
- Binomial Expansion:
 - Expanding $(1+x)^n$ - n may be fractional or negative
 - Expanding $(a+bx)^n$ - factorising out correctly
 - Combine binomial expansion with partial fractions to allow expansion of more complicated functions
- Radians and Circles:
 - Definition of a radian and converting between degrees and radians
 - Calculating arc length and areas of sectors and segments in radians
 - Solving trigonometric equations in radians
 - Small angle approximations
- Trigonometry:
 - Definitions and graphs of $\sec x$, $\operatorname{cosec} x$, and $\cot x$
 - Trigonometric identities - including how to use $\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x = 1$ to derive equations in $\operatorname{cosec}^2 x$, $\cot^2 x$, $\tan^2 x$ and $\sec^2 x$
 - Addition formulae (in formula booklet)
 - Double angle formulae - including how to derive them from the addition formulae
 - Using the given identities to prove further trigonometric identities and solve trigonometric equations
 - Simplifying $a \cos x \pm b \sin x$
- Parametric Equations:
 - Understanding what parametric equations are and how to convert to cartesian equations, including trigonometric parametric equations
 - Sketching curves
 - Finding points of intersection



- ❑ Differentiation:
 - ❑ Differentiating $\sin x$, $\cos x$, exponentials and \ln
 - ❑ The product rule
 - ❑ The quotient rule (in formula book)
 - ❑ The chain rule
 - ❑ Differentiating parametric functions
 - ❑ Implicit differentiation
 - ❑ Rates of change
- ❑ Integration:
 - ❑ Integrating a standard functions (reverse of differentiating)
 - ❑ Integrating $f(ax + b)$
 - ❑ Using trigonometric identities to help integrate $\sin^2 x$, $\cos^2 x$ etc
 - ❑ Integrating $\frac{f'(x)}{f(x)}$ and reverse chain rule
 - ❑ Integration by substitution
 - ❑ Integration by parts (in formula book)
 - ❑ Integrating with partial fractions
 - ❑ Trapezium rule
 - ❑ Differential equations
- ❑ Numerical Methods:
 - ❑ Locating roots
 - ❑ Iteration
 - ❑ The Newton-Raphson method
- ❑ Vectors:
 - ❑ Vectors in 3D
 - ❑ Solving 3D vector questions
 - ❑ Finding the modulus of a 3D vector (extension of the modulus in 2D)

Statistics

- ❑ Correlation and Regression:
 - ❑ Exponential models and using logs
 - ❑ Measuring correlation
 - ❑ Hypothesis testing for zero correlation
- ❑ Conditional probability:
 - ❑ Set notation
 - ❑ Conditional probability including Venn diagrams
- ❑ Normal Distribution:
 - ❑ Understanding the concept of the normal distribution
 - ❑ Finding probabilities from the normal distribution
 - ❑ Inverse normal function
 - ❑ The standard normal distribution
 - ❑ How to find μ and σ
 - ❑ Using the normal distribution to approximate a binomial distribution - including continuity correction
 - ❑ Hypothesis testing with the normal distribution



Mechanics

- ❑ Forces and Friction:
 - ❑ Resolving forces - horizontally and vertically but also along the plane and perpendicular to the plane for inclined plane questions
 - ❑ Friction and incorporating it into $F=ma$ questions (sometimes easiest to remember $\Sigma F=ma$ to remember that it is the resultant force we are using in $F=ma$ questions)
 - ❑ Harder questions on static particles
 - ❑ Friction for static particles
 - ❑ Harder connected particles questions including friction and resolving along a plane
- ❑ Moments:
 - ❑ Understanding what a moment is, including the resultant moment and how to resolve if the force isn't perpendicular to lever
 - ❑ Moments for objects in equilibrium (including harder questions such as ladder against a wall type questions where resultant forces are 0 and resultant moment is 0)
 - ❑ Centre of mass
 - ❑ Tilting and 'on the point of tilting' questions
- ❑ Further Kinematics:
 - ❑ Using vectors in kinematics questions (and in $F=ma$ questions), including differentiating and integrating
 - ❑ Projectiles - link to first year kinematics - SUVAT
 - ❑ Considering the horizontal and vertical components - remember to resolve the initial velocity into horizontal and vertical components
 - ❑ Remember, horizontally $a=0$, so horizontally it is possible to apply $\text{speed}=\text{dist}/\text{time}$ but SUVAT also fine
 - ❑ Using a vector method to solve projectiles questions